2 SAMUEL

1. TITLES:

- A. Samuel = asked of God
- B. "The Second Book of Kings" -- Septuagint Title
- C. The Book of The Monarchy
- D. The Book of The King

2. AUTHOR:

Possibly written by Nathan and Gad (1 Chr. 29:29)

3. DATE:

- A. Covers approximately 40 years, from David's Enthronement to just before His death.
- B. Probably written between 970 and 900 B.C.

4. KEY WORDS:

- A. King ('s, dom) 290
- B. David ('s) 286

Key Phrases:

- A. "before the Lord" 10
- B. "enquired of the Lord" 4
- 5. **KEY VERSES**: 5:12

6. PURPOSE:

- A. To establish the Davidic <u>Covenant</u>, <u>Seed</u>, <u>Throne</u> and <u>Kingdom</u> (2 Sam. 7; Ps. 89)
- B. To record the reign of David including both his <u>triumphs</u> and his <u>trials</u>.

2 SAMUEL

7. MESSAGE:

- A. Patience and dependence upon God are necessary for the fulfillment of His promises. (Shown by David's preparation to be king from humiliation (1 Sam.) to exaltation (2 Sam.).)
- B. Obedience will bring blessing for those in Covenant relationship with God (Shown by the first 20 years of David's reign.)
- C. Sometimes pardoned sin is still punished. (Shown by the last 20 years of David's reign).

8. OUTLINE:

- I. David's Triumphs: 20 years of Blessing Ch. 1-10
 - A. David: King Over Judah (7 years) Ch. 1-4
 - B. David: King Over All Israel (33 years) Ch. 5-10
- II. David's Trials: 20 years of Judgment Ch. 11-24
 - A. David's Downfall: Pardon and Punishment Ch. 11-21
 - B. Closing Scenes Ch. 22-24

9. SUMMARY:

This book is basically a biography of David setting him forth as the anointed political and religious king. David was "a man after God's own heart" (1 Sam. 3:14), and thus he established the Tabernacle of David and the order of worship set forth in the Psalms (2 Sam. 23:1,2). He obeyed the Covenant and was constantly "enquiring before the Lord". However, this is the only book that also records David's downfall and the tragic consequences.

10. CHRIST SEEN:

Christ, "the <u>Son of David</u>", is seen as the "<u>Greater King David</u>" who establishes the New Testament order of worship. The Davidic Covenant is the covenant of Messiah as the ultimate political (king) and religious (priest) ruler of the world.